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Geo-Spatial Mining of Historical Maps and Texts: Comparing 16th c. Ottoman military logistics with 19th c. transport infrastructure in Southeast Europe

March 13th–14th, 2019
Maps in Libraries 2019, IOS Regensburg

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Outline

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- **What is Historical Geographical Information Systems/Science?**
- **Why HGIS?**
- **Why and how are we conducting digital research?**
- **Case Study:** Ottoman logistics & transport infrastructure, 16th-19th c.
- **Main Aim:** A multi-modal historical transport network with freight and passengers costs for the Ottoman Empire, 1840s
- **Potentials and risks** of digital humanities / (HGIS)?

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Digital Humanities / HGIS?



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- DH: 'An academic field concerned with the application of computational tools and methods to traditional humanities disciplines such as literature, **history**, and philosophy.' *Oxford Dictionaries*. Web. 8th November 2017
- '**Historical GIS (HGIS)** is an **interdisciplinary field** that integrates the **tools and methods** of **geographic information Science (GIS)** into **historical research**. HGIS projects and studies emphasize the role of **spatial context** and **relationships** in understanding the **emergence, development**, and **consequences** of **historical events**.' *Oxford Bibliographies*. Web. 27th June 2017

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- ## Why HGIS?
- Revisiting textual sources and historical maps
- Mapping historical sources
- Geo-locating places
 - A geo-spatial turn in history?
- Revisiting old research questions
- RQ1: Did Ottoman armies rely on wheeled vehicles?
- Formulating new research questions
- RQ2: How much did the transport infrastructure in Southeast Europe change between 16th-19th c.?
- Devising a multi-modal transport network with costs
- Distance, time-distance, slope, road conditions, seasonality



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This research is part of a larger ERC funded research conducted at Koç University, Istanbul.

The aim: bringing Ottoman/Turkish history into the newly emerging field of digital humanities revisiting archival documents and historical maps.

Partners

The Cambridge Group for the History of Population and Social Structure.

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Industrialisation and Urban Growth from the mid-nineteenth century Ottoman Empire to Contemporary Turkey in a Comparative Perspective, 1850-2000

This project aims to overcome historiographical and disciplinary limitations in social and economic history, historical geography and urban studies for the Ottoman Empire and the Republic of Turkey. The chosen long-term Ottoman/Turkish perspective is intended to facilitate comparative approaches so as to overcome the limitations of national historiographies. By extending the analysis up to 2000 the project also challenges the disciplinary divide between economic history, economics and urban studies in research on Turkey. To pursue these multiple goals the project will adopt both an interdisciplinary approach and a comparative perspective. Throughout the project the focus will be on the dynamics of industrialisation, urbanisation and

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Ottoman logistics & transport infrastructure, 16th-19thc.



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- **Research question 1:** Did Ottoman armies rely on **wheeled transport** for military logistics?
 - What is the **consequence** if they did?
 - A necessary **road infrastructure** was intact

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Ottoman logistics & transport infrastructure, 16th-19thc.

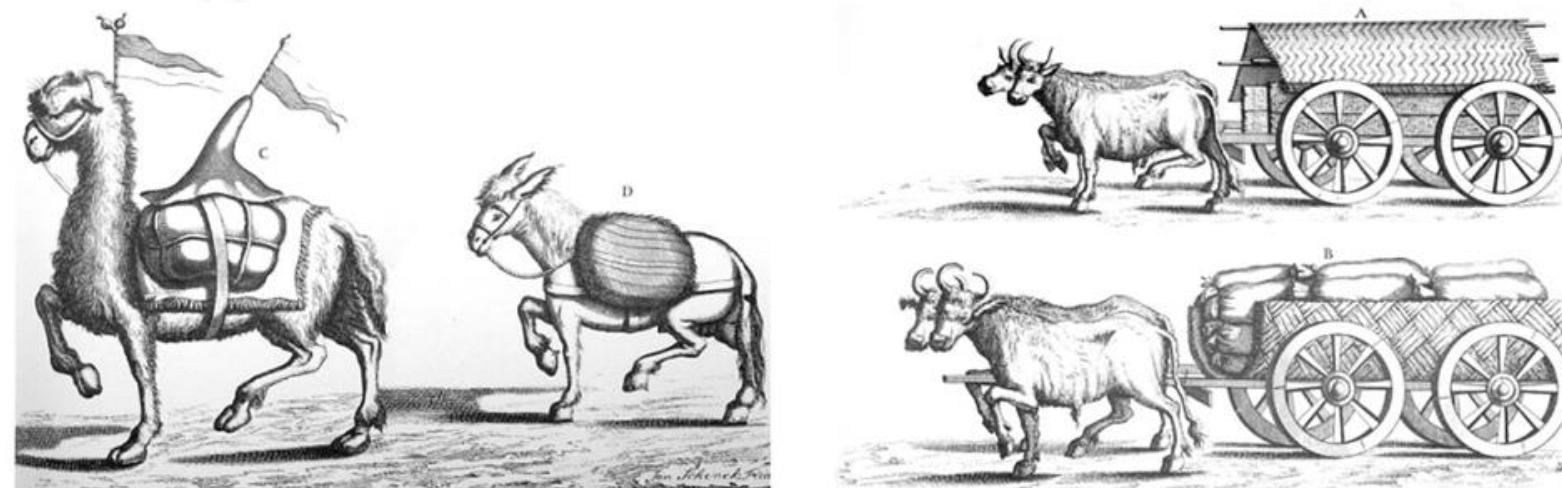


- **Research question 2:** How much did the transport infrastructure in Southeast Europe **change** between 16th-19th c.?
 - **Continuity** and/or **rupture** in **historical transport capabilities**
 - **Long-term continuity?**
 - Conditions of **road infrastructure** in the long run?

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RQ1: Pack animals versus wheeled vehicles, or both?

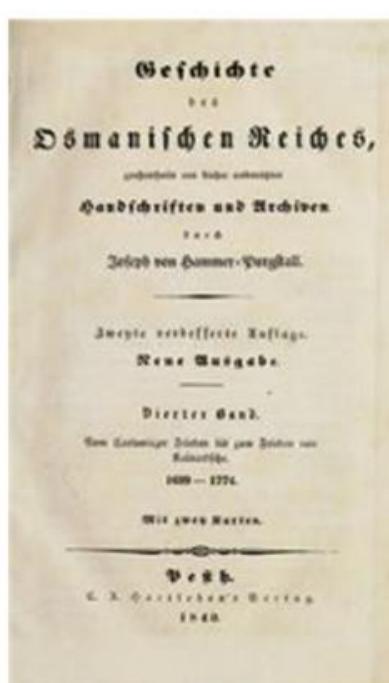


Source: L. Marsigli. *Stato militare dell' imperio Ottomano*, 1732

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Köszeg Campaign Itinerary, 1532 in previous studies

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IV. Muradın Revan ve Tebriz Seferi Yol Haritası

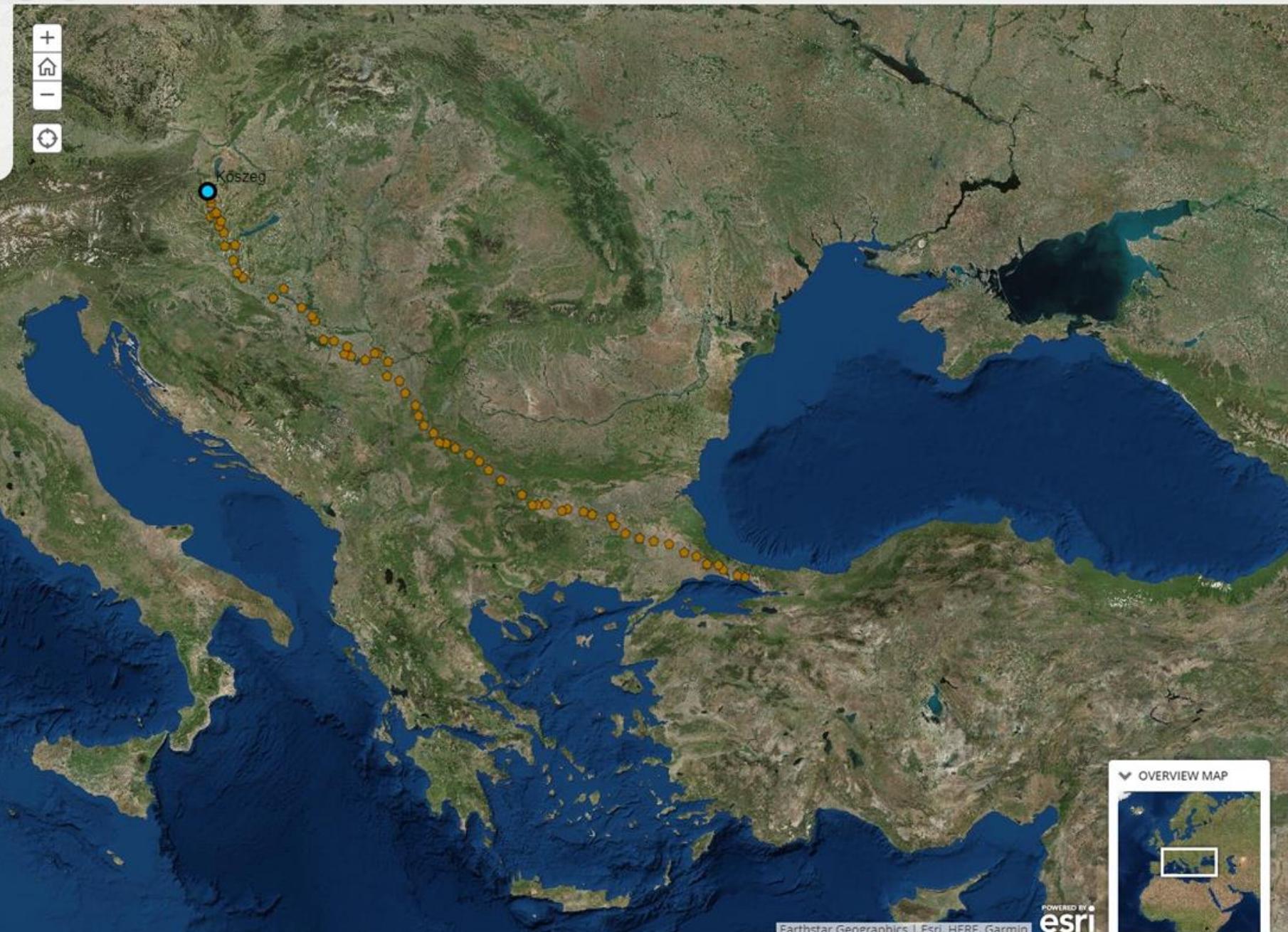
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Kőszeg 1532

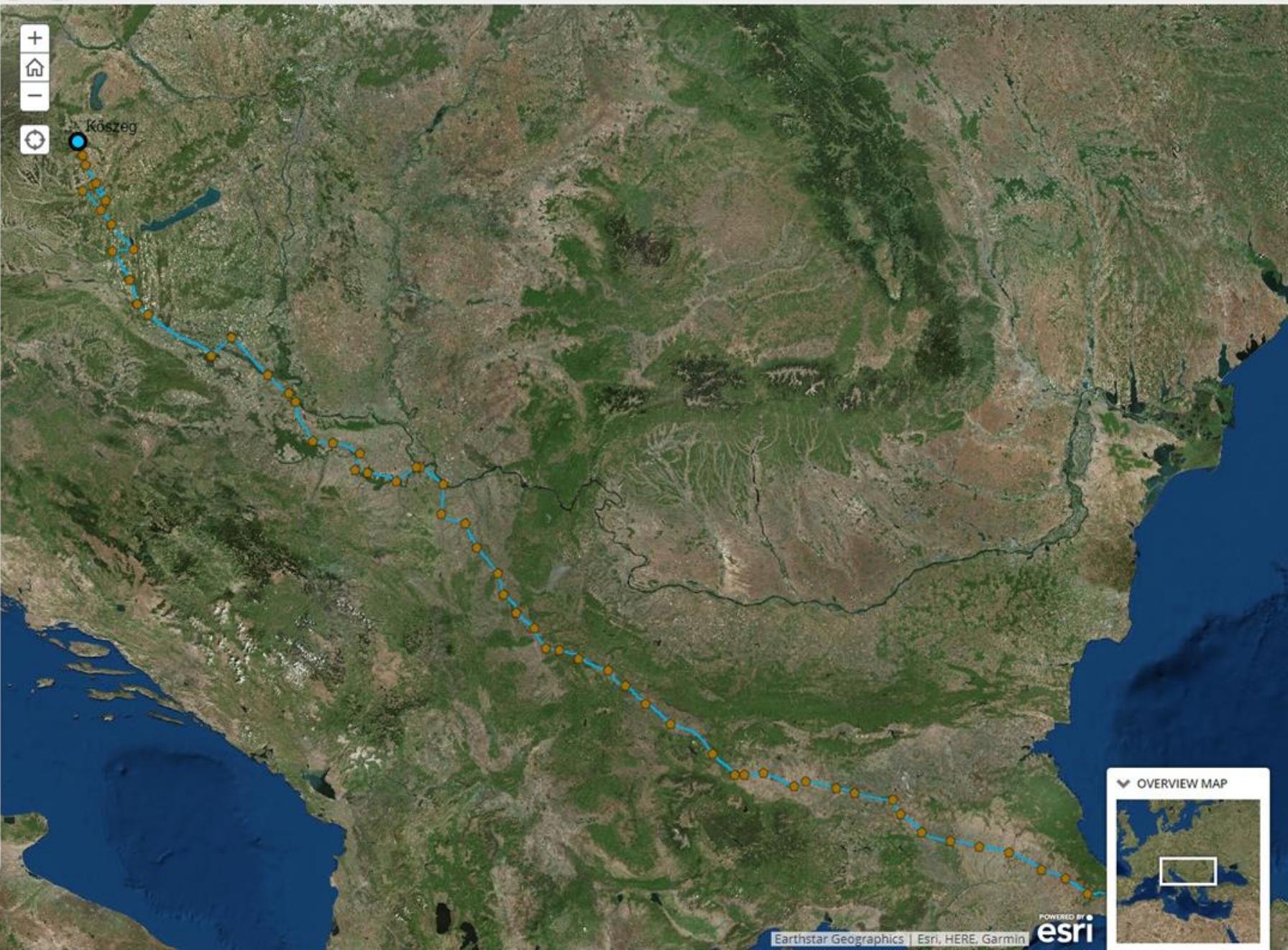


Kőszeg Campaign Stops



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

- Use of the Tobler Hiking function to determine Least Cost Path analyses between Ottoman Army stops.



Icon_large.png

Tobler Information.png

Kőszeg 1532



Kőszeg Campaign Stops



Kőszeg Campaign (Tobler Hiking Function)

POWERED BY

esri

Earthstar Geographics | Esri, HERE, Garmin

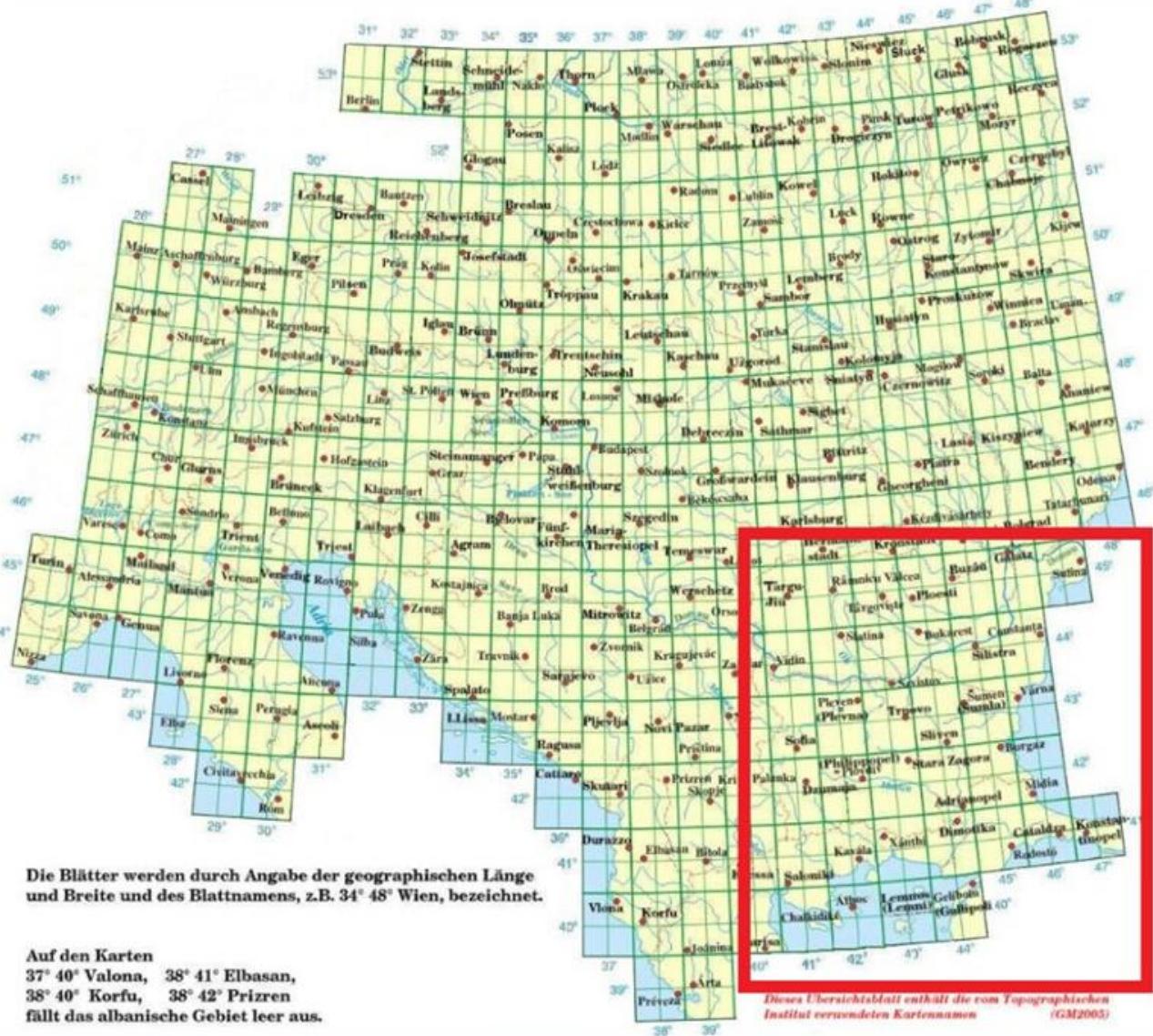
3. Generalkarte von Österreich - Ungarn 3rd Military Mapping Survey of Austria-Hungary

Übersicht zur Generalkarte ZENTRALEUROPA (1:2000 000) Index sheet of the general map of Central Europe (1:200 000)

Durch Klicken auf ein Graefeld rufen Sie die jeweilige Karte auf Clicking on an index map you can look at the sheets (2-3 MB each)

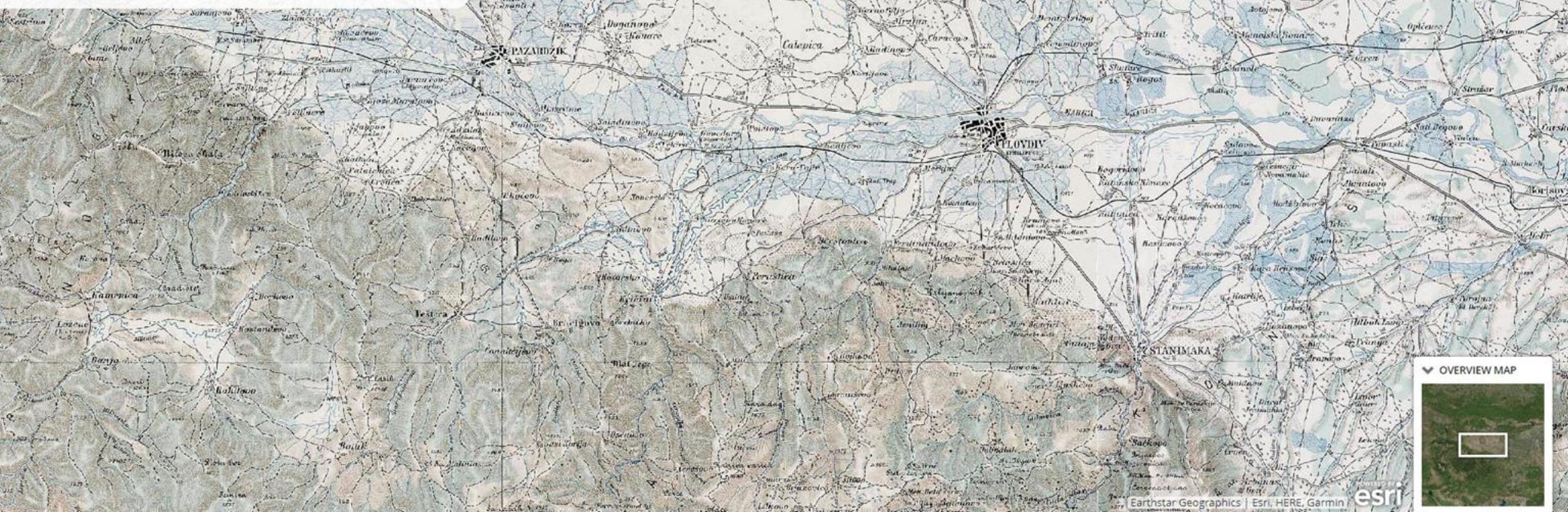
Aufgelegt wurden diese Karten etwa 1910 The original sheets were published about 1910

Verfügbar sind 264 Kartenblätter Currently 264 sheets are available (938 MB)



- 3rd Military Mapping Survey of Austria-Hungary, 1880s-1910s
- Plovdiv, Bulgaria
- One of the earliest modern maps surveying Eastern Europe with minute and accurate detail on transport

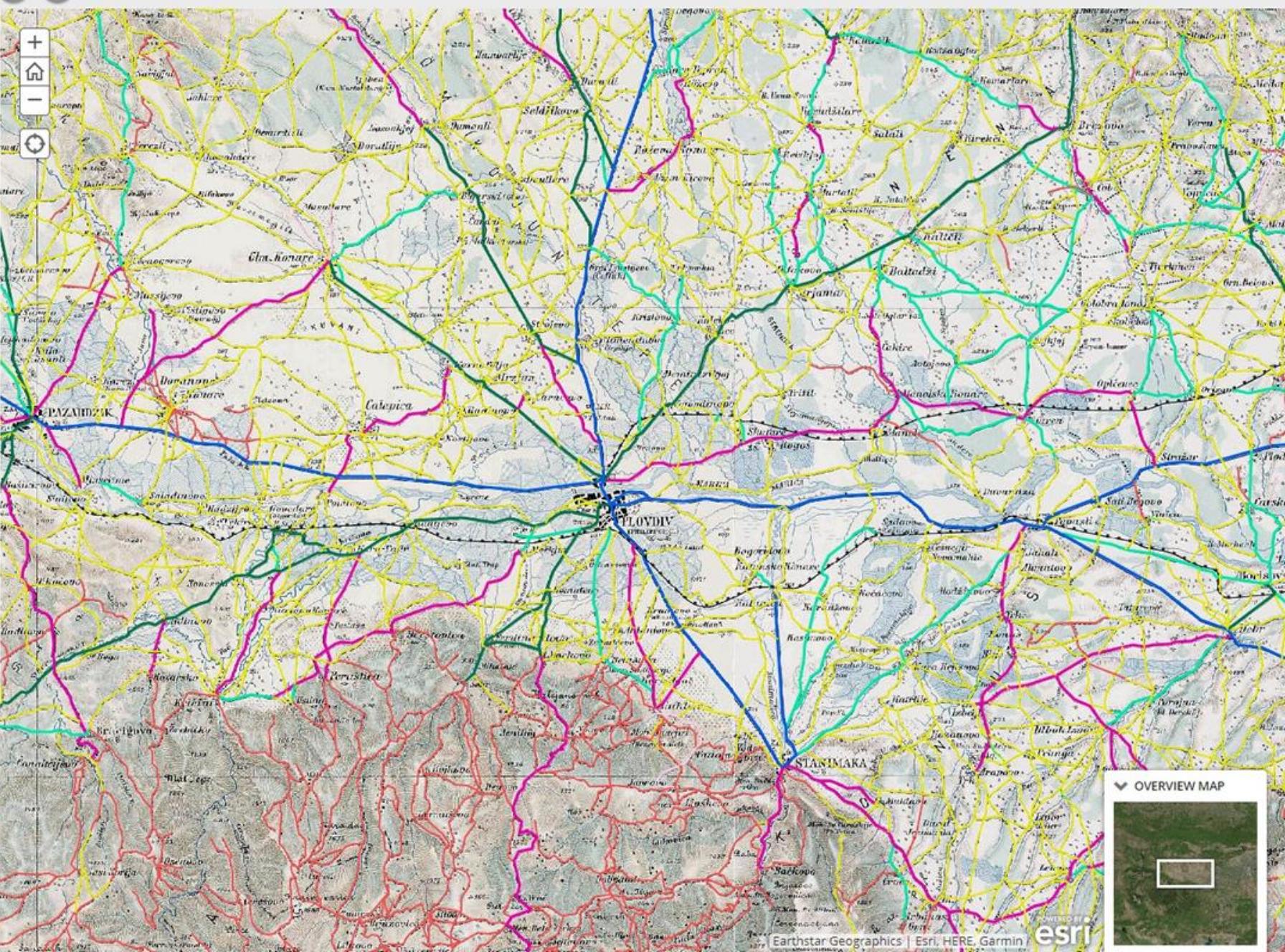
No legend



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

3rd Military Mapping Survey of Austria-Hungary (1880s-1910s)

- <Null>
- Eisenbahn_im_Bau
- Erhaltener_Fahrweg
- Fahrbare_Wegspuren
- Fußweg
- Hauptstraße
- Karrenweg
- Kommunikationen_Eingeschrittene
- Landstraße
- Nicht_Erhaltener_Fahrweg
- • Normalspurige_Eisenbahn_eingleisig
- • Normalspurige_Eisenbahn_zwei-oder-mehr-gleisig
- Saumweg
- Schmalspurbahn
- Straße_in_Bau
- Straßenbahn_auf_der_Kommunikation
- Streckenweise_Saumweg
- Verfallene_Straße



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Path Type

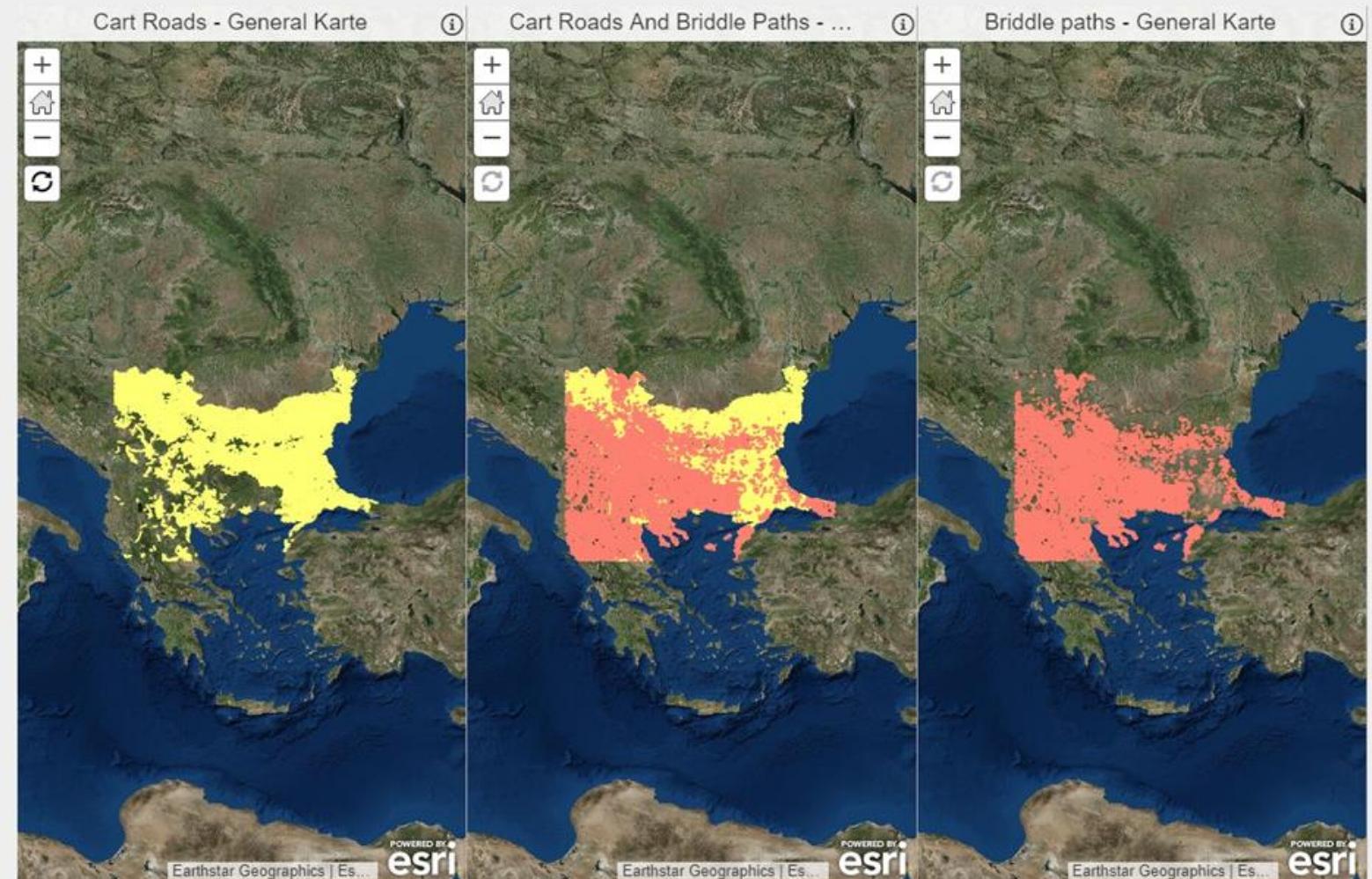
Bridle Path

Road Type

Cart Road

General Karte 1904 - Road Types

Road / Path Type	Segment Count	Sum of Length	Average of MEAN	StdDev of MEAN	Median
Cart Road	10972	41802	6,0	4,60	6,8
Bridle Path	9255	37453	12,6	6,40	12,7



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

Following the route paths over a weighted 6% (Cart road) and 12% (Bridle Path) slope gradient, we can see the preference of the army's route.

Köszeg 1532



Köszeg Campaign (Pack Animals)



Köszeg Campaign (Carts)



Köszeg Campaign (Tobler Hiking Function)

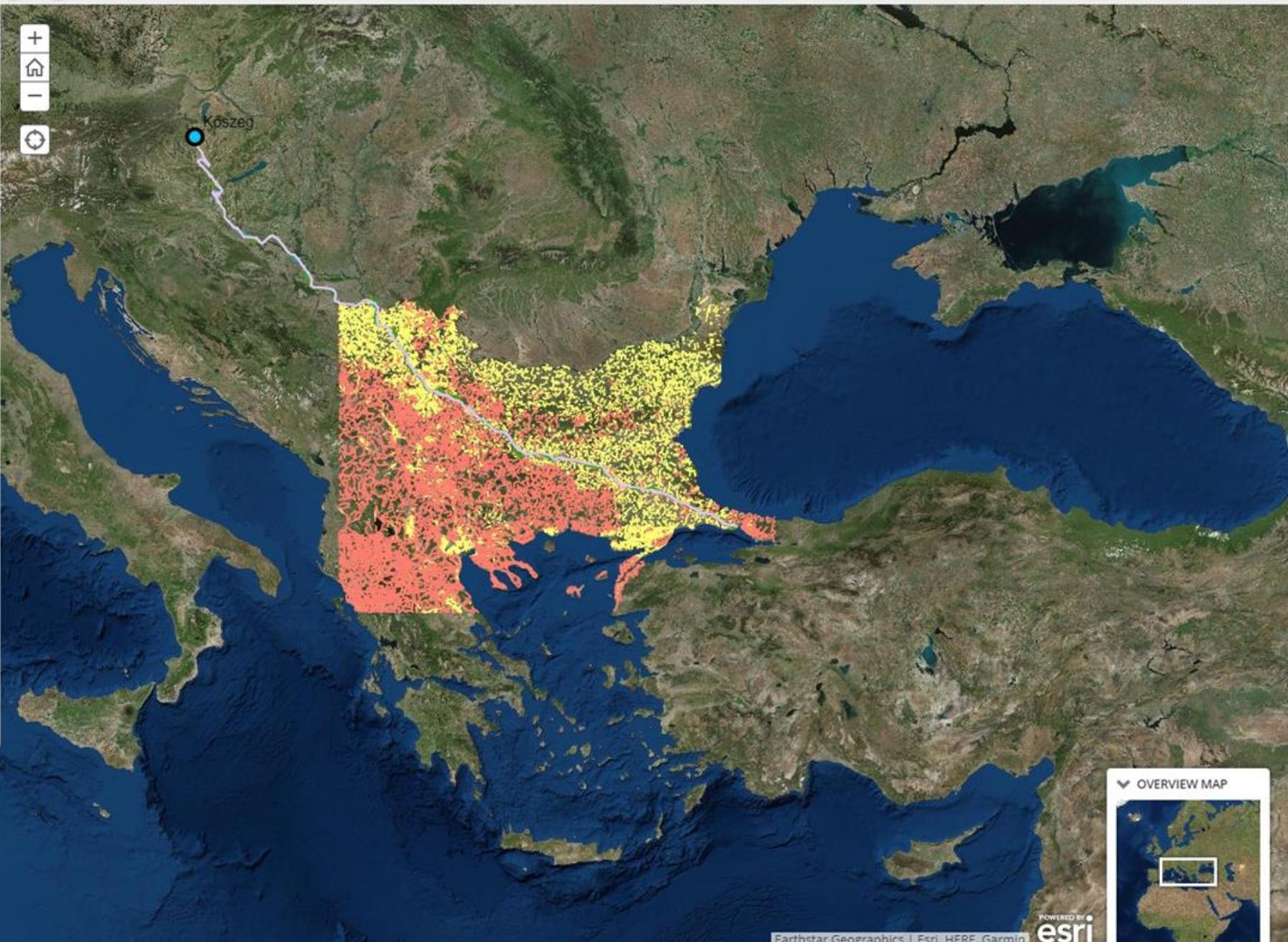


Path Type

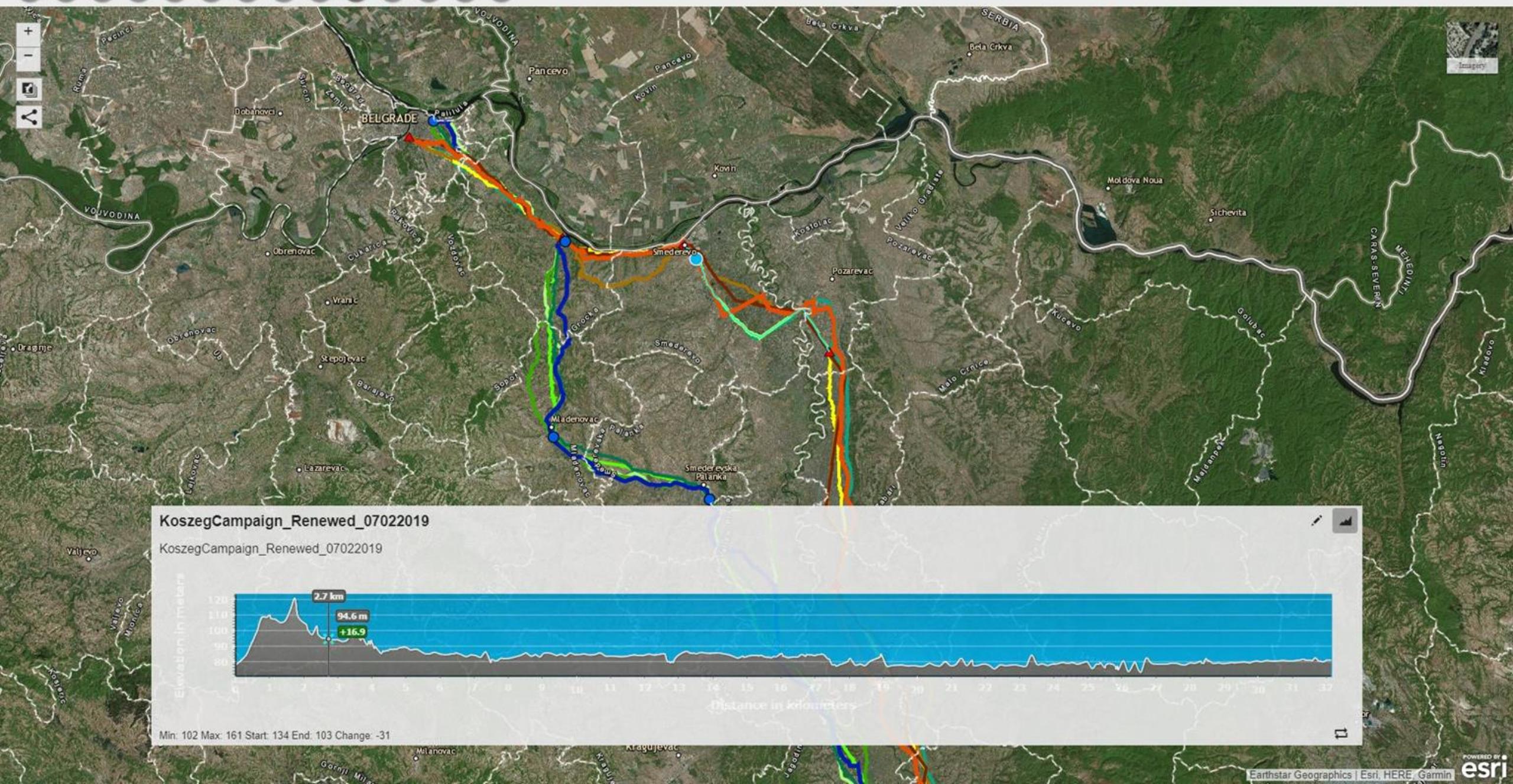
Bridle Path

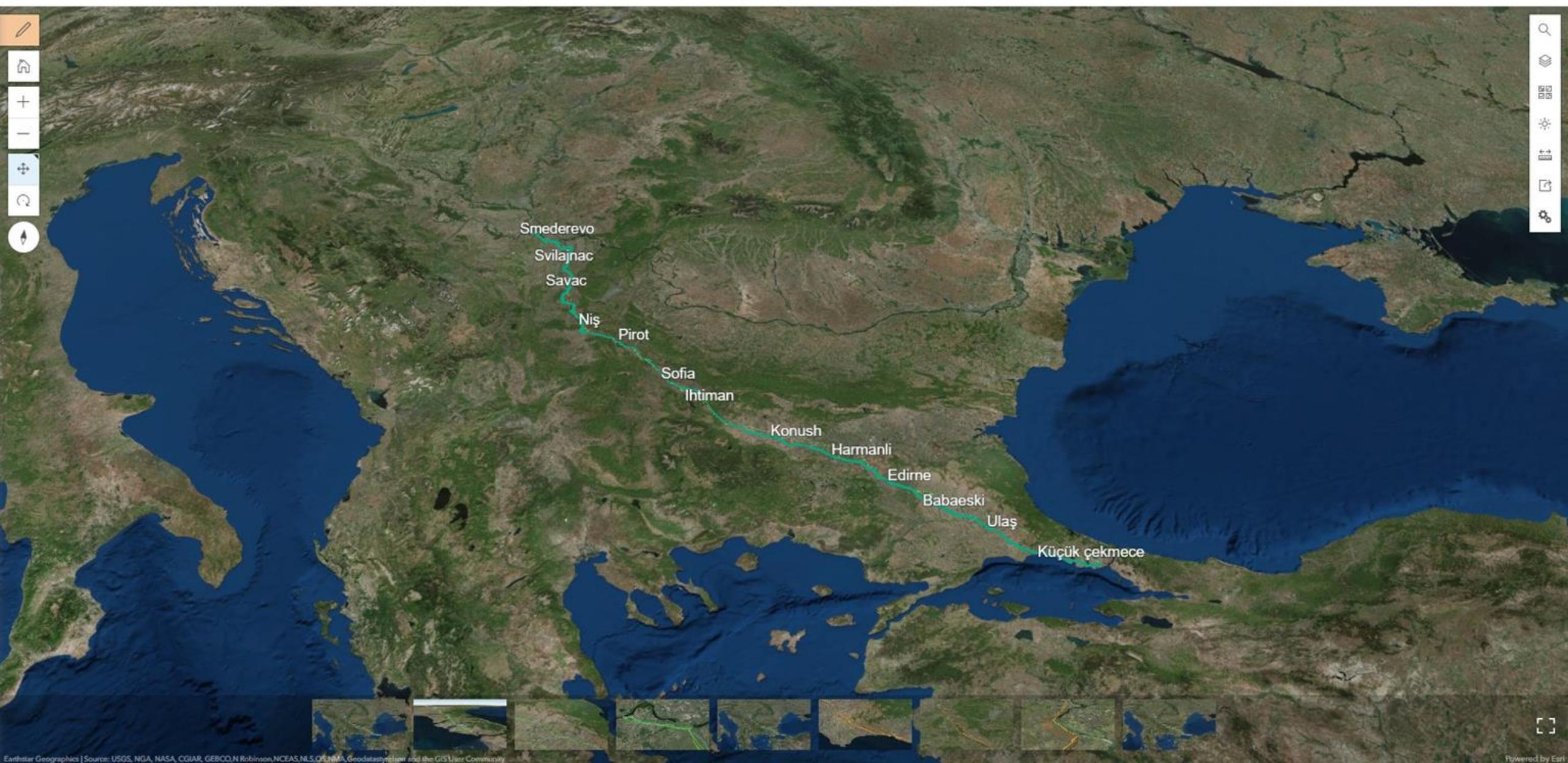
Road Type

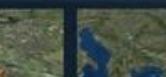
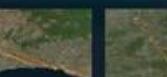
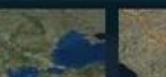
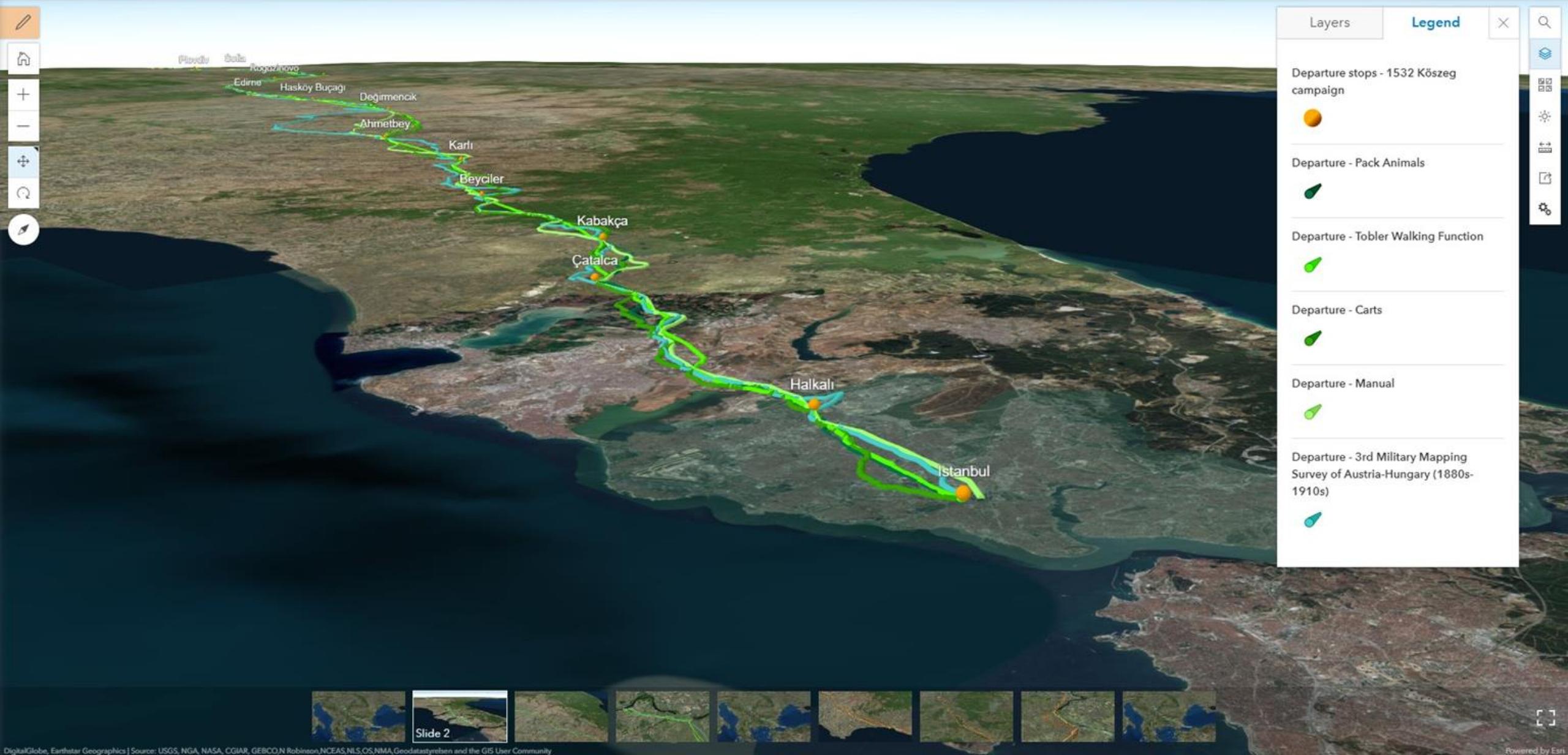
Cart Road

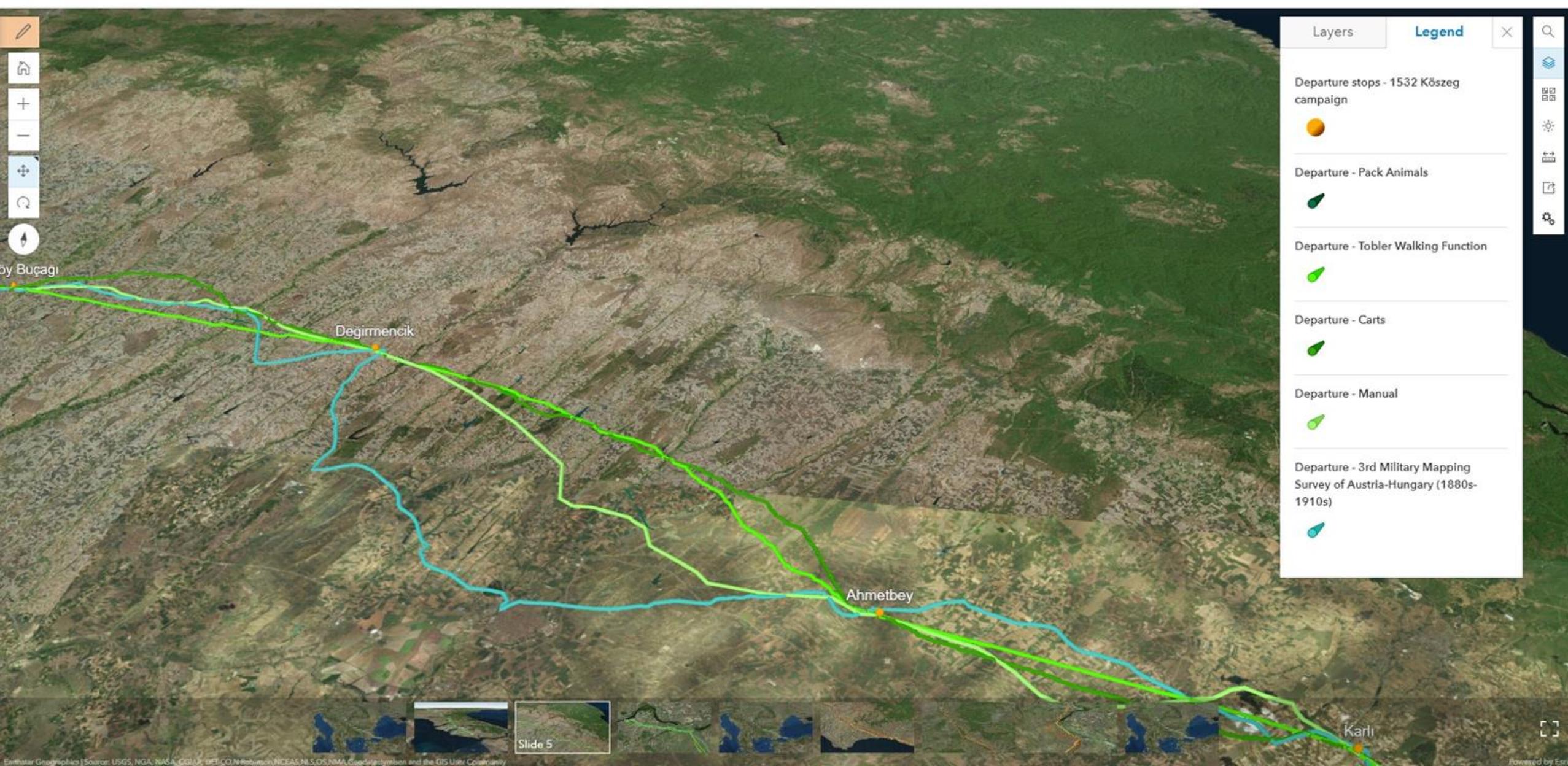


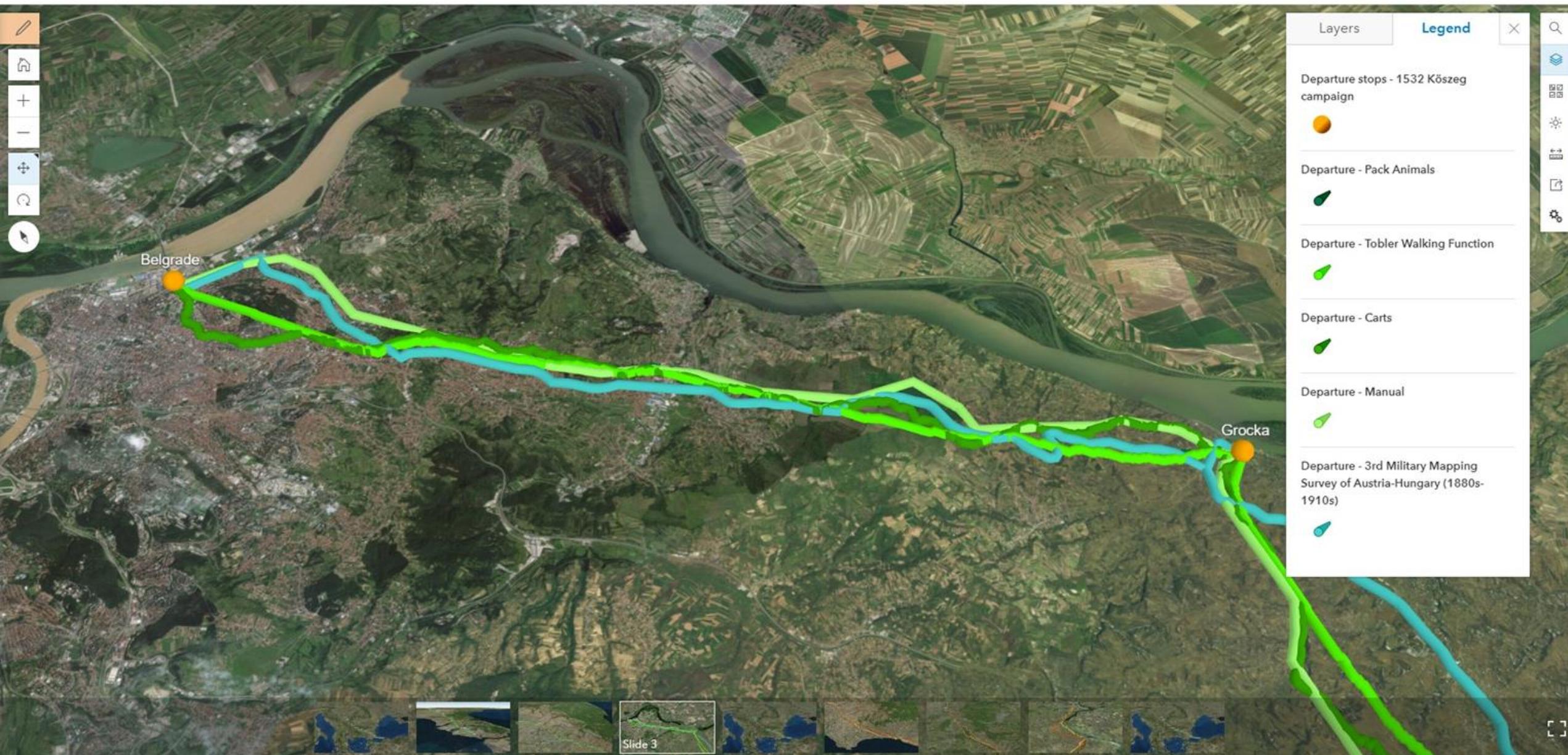
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14





















RQs: Conclusions

Ottoman logistics, 16th-19th c.



- Ottoman armies relied on **wheeled transport** for military logistics
- Necessary **road infrastructure** should have been intact, 16th-19th c.
- There should have been a long-term **continuity of logistic infrastructure**, Generalkarte_1900 suitability for the 1840s
- HGIS can allow us to build a **historical multi-modal transport** network incorporating costs
 - distance in kilometres / time-distance
 - slope
 - road conditions
 - seasonality

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Risks & Potentials



- Using HGIS and other techniques with **unsuitable** or not **curated** historical data
 - **Over**-analysing
 - **Mis**-mapping
 - **Misleading** conclusions
- Integrating **multiple** and **connected** research questions within a **generative** digital research infrastructure

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Thank you for your attention

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